RESEARCH OF INVESTMENT AND CREDIT TERMS ISSUES IN UZBEK AND UZBEK LANGUAGES

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Abstract
This article reviews a wide range of work in the field of economics and comments on improvements in science, investment and credit terminology.

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Thanks to our independence, the loving approach to the rich cultural heritage left by our ancestors in our country, as well as the attention to the language, the scope of application of the Uzbek language has expanded. In order to further expand the possibilities of the Uzbek language in this regard, the decree of the president of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated October 20, 2020 “on measures to further develop the Uzbek language in our country and improve the language policy” dated October 21, 2019 PF-5850 “on measures to radically increase the prestige and position of the Uzbek language.

It is well known that the large-scale reforms in the economic sphere in recent years have led to new researches in a number of scientific fields. In this regard, the rapid development of the tourism sector and the attraction of investments in other sectors have given impetus to the expansion of the spheres of cooperation. However, the terminology of these fields has not been studied in a comparative aspect. In this sense, it is one of the important issues to clarify the Russian and Uzbek language investment and credit terms from a lexicographical point of view.

At the same time, the introduction of several new terms as a result of the improvement of science, cooperation relations, the connection of the Uzbek language with other languages in the field of activity requires language researchers to conduct new research.

Since investment and credit terminology is not specifically researched in Uzbekistan, the analysis of investment and credit terms serves to expand the scope of the Uzbek language. Based on the principles of development, “first of all, expanding the scope of use of our native language, in-depth study of its historical roots and all-round development on a scientific basis is becoming a very urgent
issue today.”\(^1\) It is important to show the possibilities of giving many international terms in Uzbek. This indicates the relevance of the topic.

We can see that the following scientists have conducted a number of studies on general and specific terminology in foreign languages and Russian linguistics. Jamal Mohamed Giaber, M.T. Cabre, V.V. Antimirova, V.I. Gataulina, E.A. Kolesnikova, I.S. Kulakova, D.S. Salmina, N.N. Lantyukhova, O.V. Zagorovskaya, T. A. In the works of scientists such as Litvinova, L.N. Utchina, various issues of the field were studied. Terminological systems of the Uzbek language. M. Saidova, G. Gulomov, I. Kh. Sadikova, S. Kh. Nurmatoiva, O. Tursunova, P. P. Nishonov, O. S. Akhmedov, D. Kh. Kadirbekova, H. V. Mirzakhmedova and S. It is reflected in the researches of T.Mustafaevalar.

Thus, in our research, the Russian and Uzbek language terms of investment and credit are studied for the first time in a comparative-hybrid aspect, and their interlinguistic content proportionality and disproportion is proved; the analyzed terms are described in terms of terminology requirements: accuracy, logical consistency, systematicity, compliance with literary language standards, popularity; interlingual lexical-semantic features of investment-credit terms, unification, harmonization of the terms of this field and development of new explanations will be improved.

It is known that the term is derived from the Latin word "terminus" which means limit, boundary mark, check\(^2\). V.N. Shevchuk gives the following definition of the term: "Term is a word, which in the Middle Ages meant “determining”, “expressing”, and the lexeme “terme” existing in the ancient French language expressed the meaning of "word"\(^3\) According to A.A Reformatsky definition, term is considered as word, they are limited by their separate and special signs, terms are unambiguous, clear words in the fields of science, technology, economy, politics and diplomacy \(^4\). According to V. P. Danilenko, “Terms are part of the vocabulary and determine the subject of science and fields.”\(^5\) It should be noted that the comparative analysis of the terms of different languages is based on language peculiarities, structure, national mentality and traditionalism.

There are different ways of development and enrichment of terminology, such as borrowing words from other languages, creating new words. Terms serve to enrich the national language, terminological lexicon is developing as an integral part of the lexicon of the national language, and when a certain field or science develops at a high level, terminology in that language is created.

Comparative research of Russian and Uzbek investment and credit terminology in Russian and Uzbek languages is gaining special relevance today as the development of international cooperation relations leads to a certain level of relief for the participants of foreign economic activity. Development of leading principles specific to the linguistic features of terminological units from the point of view of linguistics, translation theory, revealing the lexical-semantic, functional-structural, connotative and denotative features of the terms, further deepening of knowledge in this field, widening of students' economic and linguistic knowledge is of particular importance in finding content.

A number of monographs and scientific articles have been created on the study of field terms of

\(^1\) Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan PF-4797 dated May 13, 2016 // Халқ сўзи, May 17, 2016.

\(^2\) Крысин Л.П. Толковый словарь иноязычных слов. - М., 1998

\(^3\) Шевчук В.Н. Производные военные термины в английском языке.-М., 1983.

\(^4\) Реформатский А.А. Термин как член лексической системы языка // Проблемы структурной лингвистики. - М., 1968.

\(^5\) Даниленко В.П. Русская терминология. Опыт лингвистического описания.-М., 1977.
the Uzbek language. It is worth saying that during the period of independence scientific studies such as "Terms of the period of independence" by H. Bektimirov and E. Begmatov, "Issues of Uzbek terminology and lexicography" by A. Madvaliev have made a significant contribution to Uzbek terminology. In this regard, in our country, the issues of applying the practical and theoretical aspects of the issue of terminology, creating terms and regulating their use on the basis of language laws are gaining urgent importance.

According to the method of application of terms, research aimed at revealing the structure, etymological and historical aspects of terms as words, research aimed at elucidating their paradigmatic and syntagmatic features as elements of a specific lexical system, research aimed at applying sectoral lexical units as terms and putting them into purely terminological rules, purely theoretical terminology studies focused on issues can be divided into several groups, such as comparative terminology.

Scientific advances in the field of science also lead to several changes in the field of terminology. In particular, based on the possibilities of our language, new changes are being manifested in the entry of foreign terms into our language. There are also issues underlying this change in terminology. That is, the terms of different languages related to different fields are translated and not widely used. This process is of great importance in the development of the field of terminology of the Uzbek language.

The issue of terms is considered one of the urgent issues in Uzbek linguistics, and a number of studies are being created in Uzbek and Russian linguistics in this field. Consequently, it is one of the important aspects in the development of the field of lexicography of the Uzbek language.

As a conclusion, changes in the field of terms in linguistics foresee certain shifts in the vocabulary of the Uzbek language. Research in Uzbek linguistics creates a number of opportunities in the field of science. It is especially convenient to use a certain field of science as a quality study of separate terms (exact sciences, social humanities, natural sciences). Studying in this way, applying the terms to the language field, serves to increase the literacy of the population, their scientific significance.

Comparative-typological analysis of investment and credit terms of Russian and Uzbek languages, gaining importance today, lack of research of investment and credit terms of Russian and Uzbek languages in a comparative-comparative aspect, Russian and Uzbek language investment and credit terms in a comparative-comparative aspect from the lexicographic point of view It is important to clarify.

V. V. Antimirova, V. I. Gataulina, E. A. Kolesnikova, I. S. Kulakova, D. S. Salmina, N. N., who conducted a number of studies on general and specific terminology in foreign languages and Russian linguistics .Lantyukhova, O.V. Zagorovskaya, T.A. Litvinova The researches of scientists such as, L.N. Utkina have a special place in this regard.

References:
2. Крысин Л.П . Толковый словарь иноязычных слов. - М., 1998
3. Шевчук В.Н. Производные военные термины в английском языке.-М., 1983.
5. Даниленко В.П Русская терминология. Опыт лингвистического описания.-М., 1977.


